## GERMAN EQUATORIAL MOUNT



$20^{\circ}$ Latitude

## ASTRO-PHYSICS 900GTO

Relevant Dimensions for Observatory Planning at Different Latitudes

Dim.
From:
To:
$20^{\circ}$
$42^{\circ}$
Horizontal dimensions

A
B

Center of Baseplate
Center of Baseplate
Center of Baseplate
Center of Baseplate
Front of Mount
End of Counterweight Shaft
Back of Mount
Center of Dec. Axis
Front of Mount
End of Counterweight Shaft
Back of Mount
Back of Mount
$67 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
$43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$
$87 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
$125 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
$153 / 4^{\prime \prime}$
$195 / 8^{\prime \prime}$

8 1/4"
15 7/8"
-11 7/8"
$68^{\circ}$

8 3/4"
-1"
5 7/8"
$183 / 4 "$
14 5/8"
27 1/2"

14 3/8"
21 3/4"
6"

The illustrations and accompanying table show the variations in certain important dimensions due to different latitude settings for the 900GTO.

These measurements may be useful for determining clearances when designing an observatory or deciding on an appropriate pier height.

The 900 's latitude range is from $20^{\circ}$ to $68^{\circ}$. The main image shows a mid-latitude setting of $42^{\circ}$ (the latitude at ASTRO-PHYSICS). The smaller images show the mount set at $20^{\circ}$ and $68^{\circ}$ for comparison.

Horizontal dimensions will be the same for all 900 mounts. For mounts with older style fork assemblies, subtract 7/8" from the vertical dimensions.

